

# Must-Knows to Manage **Background Check Compliance**

Sterling is here to help you navigate complicated and evolving compliance regulations, including those related to Covid-19. Our goal is to help you have confidence to take the next step with your workforce while creating an environment of trust and safety.

### **Key Compliance Components**

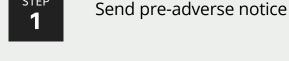
You can build compliance controls into your organization's background screening program by addressing federal regulations, state and local laws, and internal policies and procedures.

## FEDERAL REGULATIONS

### Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA)

Prior to conducting any background check, employers have to provide the candidate with the appropriate disclosure and obtain a written authorization. Periodic review of these documents with your counsel can help ensure compliance.

If employers are considering taking adverse action based (in whole or in part) on adverse information in a background check, they must follow a process for pre-adverse and final adverse action (see the three steps at right).



Wait for the required amount of time (at least 5 days, but can vary by jurisdiction) and address any fair-chance or individualized assessment issues

> Make a final decision, and send final adverse action notice if needed



### **EEOC**

The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) is a federal agency that administers and enforces civil rights laws against workplace discrimination. The EEOC issued Enforcement Guidance on the Consideration of Arrest and Conviction Records in Employment Decisions. View that guidance here to learn more about using criminal records in employment decisions, developing screening and onboarding policies, and protecting applicant and employee confidentiality.

### **Considerations Regarding a Candidate's Criminal History**

According to the EEOC, individualized assessments regarding whether a candidate's criminal history is relevant should include:

The time that has passed since the offense, conduct, and/or

The nature and gravity of the offense

- completion of sentence
- The nature of the job held or sought The facts or circumstances surrounding the offense or conduct
- The number of offenses for which the individual was convicted
- Older age at the time of conviction, or release from prison
- Evidence that the individual performed the same type of work,
- post-conviction, with the same or a different employer, with no known incidents of criminal conduct The length and consistency of employment history before and after
- the offense or conduct Rehabilitation efforts (e.g. education/training)
- Employment or character references and any other information
- regarding fitness for the particular position Whether the individual is bonded under a federal, state,
- or local bonding program

history on an application

**STATE & LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS** 

criminal convictions, restrict timeframes for which records may be reported, or require additional steps to be taken.

In some jurisdictions, there are laws that limit inquiries about a candidate's prior

## (aka "Fair Chance" or "Fair Opportunity" laws)

Get to Know "Ban the Box" Laws

These laws generally Prohibit companies from asking about a job candidate's criminal do the following:

These laws may also

- Allow for inquiry later, typically after a conditional job offer or after the interview stage
- Additional adverse action notification requirements for applicants

Individualized assessment similar to what is required by the

regarding the reason for potential disqualification

discrimination, such as:

require additional steps to protect applicants from

- **EEOC** Guidance

## Top tips to successfully maintain or manage your screening program:

background screening partner.

**YOUR NEXT STEPS** 

**POLICIES AND PROCEDURES** 

### compliance in the workplace. Document your company's processes for requesting, receiving, and evaluating



background checks, including your hiring matrix, individualized assessment process, standard state notices, adverse action and fair-chance, and compliance with state and local laws.

Have and follow policies and procedures that promote consistency and

Engage your legal counsel to periodically review your policies and procedures in order to guide you in meeting your compliance obligations. Seek best-practice insights and guidance on regulatory updates from your



Making your way through the constantly shifting landscape of regulatory compliance can changes in employment laws and be daunting, especially amid a global crisis like

the one we're facing now. You don't need to tackle it alone. We're here to help, with compliance experts like Angela Preston, Sterling's Associate General Counsel, Corporate Ethics and Compliance, who keeps her finger on the pulse of

federal, state, and local regulatory changes to help guide and

advise clients along their own journeys.

enable them to seek legal advice to help them stay ahead of the competition as well as minimize uncertainty and risk." **Angela Preston** Associate General Counsel, Corporate **Ethics and Compliance** 

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FCRA - 15 U.S.C. § 1681 et.seq. Title VII - Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

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